1-4. (Cancelled)

5. (Currently Amended) An evaluation method for monitoring consequences of an impact at low speed and force on a structural composite material part covered with a film that changes color when under pressure and whose color intensity is directly related to a received shock force, the method comprising:

calibrating a film by testing an impact on test parts covered in the film that are identical to a structural composite material part or on test tubes covered in the film, the test tubes being representative of the structural composite material part, to establish a link between a received shock force and a change in color in the film;

evaluating impacted areas of the test parts or test tubes using an appropriate qualification method selected from the group consisting of x-ray or ultrasound to correlate the change in color in the film and a nature and extent of any structural disturbance of subjacent layers of the impacted area; and

establishing a scale of correspondences enabling qualification against a limiting threshold for acceptance of the evaluated structural composite material part covered with the film.

6. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 5, wherein the structural composite material part comprises a high-pressure gas or liquid tank usable for space launches, the structural

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composite material part comprising an impermeable internal metal or plastic layer upon which pre-engaged resin fibers are wound.

- 7. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 5, wherein the film comprises a matrix with drowned microcapsules susceptible to breaking up under stress of a determined threshold of force.
- 8. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 7, wherein the structural composite material part comprises a high-pressure gas or liquid tank usable for space launches, the structural composite material part comprising an impermeable internal metal or plastic layer upon which pre-engaged resin fibers are wound.

9-10. (Cancelled).